

Lesson 13: Prototype Testing

45 minutes

Overview

The primary purpose of developing paper prototypes is that they allow for quick testing and iteration before any code is written. This lesson is focused on giving teams a chance to test their prototypes and gut-check assumptions about how the app should be laid out and navigated before moving to App Lab. Teams develop a plan to test with users before running prototype tests with multiple other students in the class (and potentially outside the class). In order to test the prototype with the users, the students will have to assign roles in the testing (the "narrator", the "computer" and the "observers") as well as have some questions prepared for the user to answer after the test is complete.

Question of the Day: How does our prototype work when tested by real users?

Standards

Full Course Alignment

CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards (2017)

- ▶ **AP** - Algorithms & Programming
- ▶ **CS** - Computing Systems
- ▶ **DA** - Data & Analysis
- ▶ **IC** - Impacts of Computing

Agenda

Warm Up (5 minutes)

Getting Prepared

Journal

Activity (35 minutes)

Preparing for Testing

Wrap Up (5 minutes)

Journal

Objectives

Students will be able to:

- Analyze user tests to identify features that should be removed, added, or improved
- Design and run test that use paper prototypes to gather feedback on a design

Preparation

- Either have other people lined up to test each team's paper prototypes, or schedule enough time for teams to test each other's prototypes
- Print a copy of the Paper Prototype User Testing activity guide for each team
- Print a copy of the User Test Cases activity guide for each team
- Check the "**Teacher's Lounge**" forum for verified teachers to find additional strategies or resources shared by fellow teachers
- If you are teaching virtually, consider checking our **Virtual Lesson Modifications**

Links

Heads Up! Please make a copy of any documents you plan to share with students.

For the teachers

- **Prototype Testing** - Slides
▼ Make a Copy

For the students

- **Paper Prototype User Testing** - Activity Guide [▼ Make a Copy](#)
- **User Test Cases** - Activity Guide [▼ Make a Copy](#)
- **What's For Lunch Testing** - Video

Teaching Guide

Warm Up (5 minutes)

Getting Prepared

Distribute: Make sure each team has their prototypes in hand.

Group: Have the students sit at their team tables.

Journal

Prompt: Today we will be testing our paper prototypes with other students in the class. If you needed to describe your app to a new user, what would you say is the purpose of your app?

Discuss: Have students journal individually, then share in their groups. There doesn't need to be a full-group share out for this prompt.

Discussion Goal: This prompt is preparation for part of today's activity where students will be introducing themselves & their teams to their user testers, and one part of that introduction is explaining the purpose of their app. Discussing this as a team first helps rehearse these talking points before discussing them with other users.

Remarks

Today we will be testing our paper prototypes with other users in the classroom. This is an important step to make sure we get feedback early and often so we can make changes before programming our app. By the end of the lesson, we should have some new ideas based on user feedback for how we can improve our app!

Question of the Day: How does our prototype work when tested by real users?

Activity (35 minutes)

Preparing for Testing

Distribute: Give each team one copy of the Paper Prototype User Testing Activity Guide. Also give each team a copy of the User Test Cases Activity Guide - one copy for each user the team plans to test with.

Paper Prototype User Testing

Overview: Read through the (1) Overview section of the activity guide together. This gives an overview of today's activity.

 **Video:** Show students the **What's For Lunch Testing** video in the slides. This gives a model for what the testing process should look like.

To encourage active engagement and reflection, use one or more of the strategies discussed in the [Guide to Curriculum Videos](#).

Discuss: What did you notice about how this test was run? Ask students to share in their teams, then call out a few responses for the class. Specifically, highlight the following observations:

- The user is the person who is testing the app in the form of the paper prototype. They should pretend to execute the “app” by pressing on the prototype with their fingers in the way that makes the most sense.
- The user speaks through what they are thinking-out-loud. They can also offer helpful suggestions in our critiquing form with sentences starting with “I like...”, “I wish...”, and “I wonder...”
- The computer reacts to what the user does. If the user tries something that isn’t a part of the app navigation diagram, then the computer doesn’t react.
- The narrator is the person who is running the test. This person will introduce the team members, the app, and its purpose.
- The observers are the other students in the team. They will watch the interaction and write down in their notes what they see the user do in response to the computer. They don’t make any comments themselves - they just take notes.

Assign Roles: Read through the (2) Assign Roles for Testing section of the activity guide. Have students discuss in their teams which roles they will take on in the first round of testing. There should be only one narrator and only one computer, and all other team members can be observers.

Create Test Cases: Read through the (3) Create Test Cases section of the activity guide. Students will work in the User Test Cases Activity Guide for this section, filling in the App Introduction section and completing the left-column of the table. They should not fill in the rest of the table - the user will do this instead.

Circulate: Monitor students as they fill in the User Test Cases Activity Guide. Make sure they are only filling in the left-most column with the tasks they want their user to test - the rest of the chart should be blank.

Test Your Prototype: Read through the (4) Test Your Prototype section. This section may still feel unclear after reading the directions - there is a video modeling this process that helps add more context and explanation to this process

How Many Users? For timing reasons, this lesson assumes each team will get to have one other user test their app. However, you may have time for multiple teams to test each other's apps - or, you may encourage students to test their apps with members of the community outside the classroom (such as family members or other peers in school). If so, make sure each user has their own copy of the User Test Cases Activity Guide so they can record their own unique comments when testing the app.

Do This: Find another team to test your app with. Spend half your time for them to test your app, then take the other half of the time for you to test their app.

Circulate: Students will start their tests which should run for about 5-7 minutes each. Make sure they are following their roles. Encourage students to keep on task, and encourage the observers to write as much as they can.

Summarize Findings: Read through the (5) Summarize Findings section of the activity guide. Have groups discuss what they observed and record their findings on the activity guide. In particular, ask them what their observations mean in terms of changes they'll need to make for the user interface of their prototype.

Actionable Feedback: A key takeaway from this activity is that students leave with a plan for changes they can make to their app based on their testing. This usually requires setting your ego aside and seeing feedback as opportunities for improvement rather than evidence of failure. Remind students that these are just prototypes, nowhere near the final project. Also remind students not to take feedback personally - that all apps go through this process and they get better because of it.

✓ Assessment Opportunity ▲

You can use the left side of the T-chart in the Activity Guide which should include at least four descriptions of things that happened in the test, and the right side should list respective proposed improvements to the app.

Wrap Up (5 minutes)

Journal

Prompt: Yesterday you had a chance to test the prototype within your team. Today you had a chance to test with a user who had never seen the prototype before. Did you notice a difference between the tests you did yesterday and the ones you did today? Did you notice any similarities?

Discuss: Have students journal individually, then share in their groups. If there is time, ask groups to share their responses with the class.

Discussion Goal: Students may notice that new users discovered new ways to use the app or encountered certain problems they never considered. This can lead to a conversation about bias - because the team was involved in the creation of the app, they may have overlooked different aspects of how the UI is designed or made assumptions about how the user would use it. This is why it's important to have an outside user test those assumptions early and often.



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